



WEDNESDAY EVENING, SEPT. 3, 1902

Most people have but little faith in President Roosevelt's talk about regulating trusts. The tenor of all his sayings is uncertain, vague, unsatisfactory and can be construed to suit subsequent conditions. There is but one way of "regulating" an evil and that is to exterminate it. Statutes designed to regulate trusts can be avoided in many ways by the intricacies and technicalities of law, and with expert corporation barristers nothing in the way of law can be formulated to mitigate the trust evil. A terrible cancer is spreading over the body politic. It needs extirpation—not regulation—and the President is but beating the air when he talks of curbing trusts and environments upon the commercial devilish of the day. To show that the President has no real intention of interfering with the trusts the following extracts from one of the speeches he made yesterday are quoted:

"But if by trust we mean merely a big corporation, then I ask you to ponder the utter folly of the man who either in a spirit of rancor or in a spirit of folly says: 'Destroy the trusts,' without giving you an idea of what he means really to do. I will go with him if he says destroy the trusts, gladly. I will try to find out that evil. I will seek to apply remedies, which I have already outlined in other speeches. But if his policy, from whatever motive, whether hatred, fear, panic, or just sheer ignorance, is to destroy the trusts in a way that will destroy all our prosperity—no. Those men who advocate wild and foolish remedies which would be worse than the disease are doing all in their power to perpetuate the evils against which they nominally war. * * * Now it does not do anybody any good, and it will do steps which will check any proper growth in a corporation."

Mr. Wm. J. Bryan, with recollections of the experience of others who since the world began have undertaken to part belligerents, assumed the role of peacemaker in Lincoln, Neb., yesterday. His services were appreciated about as much as were those of Moses when he attempted to part two men who were bent on pounding each other. Mr. Bryan, it seems, took his life in his own hands, as he was dealing with desperadoes, and the man who was in the wrong attempted to use a knife and a pistol upon the peacemaker and was only prevented from doing so by Mr. Bryan's agility, power and nerve.

He who in quarrels will interpose, Will oft come out with a bloody nose. But at the same time it is the duty of all good citizens to interpose when men are at a white heat and the course of nature has been set on fire. Mr. Bryan showed that he is not only a good citizen, but that he is animated by the spirit of one who sat on the Mount of Olives centuries ago and pronounced a blessing upon peacemakers.

As will be seen by the telegraphic columns of today's Gazette, President Roosevelt had a narrow escape from being killed while en route from Pittsfield to Lenox, Mass., this morning. Fortunately he escaped with a cut head. One of his companions in a landau, however, was killed, his private secretary seriously injured and others more or less hurt. The accident was caused by a collision with an electric car. The details of the sad accident will be read with regret and sincere sympathy expressed for the man who lost his life while the fact that the President escaped serious injury will be hailed with satisfaction by all. The country has barely recovered from the excitement incident to the death of a chief magistrate, and with all the vexations and the many issues which at present are distracting the nation the mourning over a deceased President and apprehensions concerning the policy of his predecessor would add much to the burdens now being borne.

ONE THOUSAND persons killed by another outbreak from Mount Pelee, terrifying earthquake shocks in Venezuela, seventy persons drowned at Capetown, houses wrecked by students in Agram, Austria, a plot to kill the Kaiser, and a terrible railroad accident in Mexico with many gruesome occurrences of minor note are among the head lines over the foreign news of today, while in our own country we read of lawlessness in Pennsylvania, the burning of collieries in Virginia, the slaughter of thirty people and the fatal injury of as many more by a railroad disaster in Alabama, together with innumerable occurrences of more or less importance. There seems to be a steady increase in the number of serious disasters produced by the elements as well as those which result from defective machinery as the mistake of fallible man, while lawlessness seems to be epidemic in all countries.

As a result of the Roanoke doctors raising prices for visits to the sick, two "protective" associations have been formed in that city, with large memberships, which have determined to resist the demands of the physicians.

One of the associations has entered into an agreement with two local doctors and the other has employed a physician from a distant county and will pay them a monthly salary. Now the doctors who are not "in it" are wondering if it would not have been best to have let well enough alone, while the three which are to receive regular salaries are said to be elated at their good luck. The plans accepted by the Roanokers are on the lines of those in vogue in China where doctors are paid so much a year for keeping their patients well, but when sickness occurs they get nothing.

IF ANYBODY talks about straw hat guns during such weather as this—shoot him on the spot.

FROM WASHINGTON.

[Correspondence of the Alexandria Gazette.]

Washington, D. C., September 3. It is learned here that Mr. D. Lawrence Groner, republican candidate for attorney general of Virginia at the last election, declines to apply for the office of United States district attorney for the Eastern district of Virginia. He has signed the recommendation of R. T. Thorpe, and it is stated that he will use his influence for Mr. Thorpe.

Surgeon General Rixey, of the navy today received the following dispatch dated Lenox, Mass., from Dr. G. S. Lang, attending surgeon to the President: "While between Pittsfield and Lenox at 9:30 this morning the President's carriage was run into by a trolley car. President and Mr. Cortelyou received slight contusions about the face. Injuries not serious. Will continue journey."

As a result of ptomaine poisoning from eating tinned meats a number of Washington society people who attended the picnic supper at the club house of the Washington County Golf Club on Monday afternoon were seriously ill on Monday night. While some are still suffering from the effects of the poison, it is believed that no one is in danger. Forty members of the club and its guests were at the club house when the supper was served. Among the edibles was potted ham, served in sandwiches, and most of the party ate it. Twenty-three of the party were poisoned.

The democratic text book just issued contains some excellent campaign literature. In it many of the statements of the republican campaign book are challenged as to accuracy about trusts.

A recapitulation of the typhoid fever situation in the District shows that at noon today there were 373 cases under treatment. Twenty-seven new cases were reported yesterday and eleven patients were reported recovered.

Permission has been granted the citizens committee of the G. A. R. encampment by the commissioners of the District of Columbia to hold an automobile race here on October 6, followed by a parade. The course of the race will be down 15th street from U to I, the vehicles coming to a stop in front of the Arlington hotel. The distance is one mile. The parade, formal in character, will be held on Pennsylvania avenue, after the race. Winners in the contest will receive prizes donated by business houses of Washington and presented by President Roosevelt.

The police have been notified to look out for and arrest Thomas Bryant alias Nickens, who is believed to be in Richmond, Va., for attempted murder.

Chief of Detectives Borden this morning received a dispatch from the chief of police of Greensboro, N. C., asking for cooperation in finding William Mitchell, of Greensboro, who has been left property to the amount \$200,000. The telegram states that Mitchell was born and reared in Greensboro but had left there twelve months ago ostensibly for Washington.

LEAD MASTER TO DEAD CHILD.

Rebecca Edelman, nine years old, fell to her death at an early hour yesterday in an airshaft in a house east Fourth street, in New York. That she had been killed might not have been discovered for hours had it not been for an intelligent dog, which nipped his master's hands to awaken him. The knowing animal, having awakened the man, led the way to the bottom of the airshaft, where the body was lying. The father of the child with his wife and four other children, went to New York from Fairhaven, Mass., last Friday for a short vacation. It was his intention to return Monday night, but after visiting friends in East Orange Monday, they decided to go to the theatre at night. This made it necessary for them to stay in the city over night. After the theatre the family made a search for a place to sleep. The best they could find was in the apartments of Isaac Leipschitz, a delicatessen dealer, in east Fourth street, and where they could get but one room. It was a warm night and hundreds slept in doorways, on roofs and fire escapes. Mrs. Edelman and some of the smaller children went to the room and went to sleep, but Edelman decided to join Leipschitz, who was dozing in the doorway. Rebecca was with him, but early in the morning she disappeared, and was supposed to have gone by her father to the mother's room on the third floor. It was sometime after that that Kaiser, Leipschitz's big dog, nearly pulled him out of his chair at the street door. The dog whined and at last gently bit his master's hand. Leipschitz was at first inclined to be angry with the dog, but the animal was so persistent that at last he followed it to the bottom of the airshaft at the rear of the store. There the child's body was found. She had landed on her head and probably been instantly killed.

COURT OF APPEALS.

The following are the proceedings in the court of appeals which convened at Staunton yesterday.

The case the University vs. Snyder was argued in part and continued till tomorrow morning for a further hearing. James M. Kelly qualified as clerk of this court at its place of session at Wytheville, succeeding the late W. G. G. Lowry.

A motion was made in the case of Rutherford's administrator vs. the Carson Lime Company to transfer the case to Richmond.

MOUNT PELEE AGAIN ACTIVE.

Paris, Sept. 3.—At 3 o'clock this afternoon the Minister of Colonies received the following cablegram from Fort de France: "The eruptions of Mount Pelee have recommenced with excessive intensity and the volcano has extended towards the interior its radius of destruction. Morne Rouge, Ajoupa, Bouillon and Morne Boudon, and the villages of Balai, Capont, and Bellevue were destroyed on the night of the thirtieth and the thirty-first of August. A thousand victims have been counted of whom about 800 are dead."

NEWS OF THE DAY.

On the recommendation of General Chaffee the War Department has rearranged the Philippines into three military departments.

The democrats yesterday elected State officers, with Gov. Jeff Davis at the head, and all the Congressmen in Arkansas by majorities of from 35,000 to 45,000.

The union republican State convention at Dover, Del., composed of friends of J. Edward Addicks, nominated William M. Byrne for Congress. This makes two republican candidates for Congress in Delaware.

Mr. T. J. Jackson Smoot, member of the last General Assembly of Maryland, died at the home of his father, Dr. A. J. Smoot, on Monday, in La Plata, Md., in the twenty-sixth year of his age, after a lingering illness of typhoid fever.

During the war game Ellard Roy was killed, Harry Davis died yesterday from injuries and Samuel Cleveland was wounded by the premature discharge of a 12-inch gun at Fort Wright, Fishers Island, N. Y. The men were members of the Second Company, Coast Artillery, regular army.

A comet has been discovered by Prof. Perrine, of the Lick Observatory in California, in the constellation of Perseus. Its position was right ascension 20 hours and 18 minutes, and declination thirty-four degrees and thirty-nine minutes. It is moving slowly northwest, and is not visible without a telescope.

Mayor Tom L. Johnson, of Cleveland, yesterday won a decisive victory in the preliminary meeting of the Ohio democratic State convention, which met at Sandusky today and paved the way for his nomination for the governorship and for a possible democratic presidential candidate in 1904. Johnson's platform carried which indorses Bryan and the Kansas City platform.

VIRGINIA NEWS.

Quiet again prevails in Ashland, and troops will probably be withdrawn today.

William G. Wallace, one of the oldest and best-known hotel men in Tidewater, died suddenly yesterday, of paralysis.

In the United States District Court at Norfolk, yesterday, Judge Waddill entered a decree discharging the receivers of the Tunis Lumber Company.

In Lynchburg yesterday 10 shares of the People's National Bank were sold for \$214 per share, being the highest price ever received for Lynchburg bank stock.

There seems to be no abatement of the Washington garbage nuisance which the residents of the neighborhood through which the Washington-Southern road passes so bitterly complain of. These people say that they appear to be watched and if they close their windows on hot nights the garbage trains never pass but wait until the middle of the next day. Some of the cans are not sealed but slop over, and the trains frequently halt along the way through. This is really a nuisance.

In Roanoke yesterday the grand jury indicted Mr. Cornelius O'Leary, formerly of this city, for grand larceny. The affair grew out of some business transaction in which Mr. O'Leary was a party. He denies all intention of wrong doing and his many friends here hope that he may prove himself innocent.

DEMOCRATIC CAMPAIGN BOOK.

The democratic congressional committee today made public its campaign text book for use in the fall elections. It embraces a wide range of subjects, covering all the issues of the day from imperialism to the Rebecca J. Taylor case in the War Department and the assault upon Attorney General Knox recently at Atlantic City. Mention of the latter subject is made in connection with the anti-anarchy bill, which passed the Senate and which, the book says, is repudiated by the best lawyers on both sides in the House of Representatives.

It adds "a bill under which Mr. Cramp would have been hung for treason for striking Attorney General Knox at Atlantic City on the 7th of August, 1902."

A large portion of the book is devoted to a discussion of imperialism and the tariff and trusts. The former occupies first place in the volume following the democratic platform of 1900 and the chapter in reply to the statements contained in the republican campaign book.

One-third of the entire book is devoted to the consideration of the tariff and the trusts. The latter, it is plainly asserted, are the result of the high protective tariff.

Several pages of the book are devoted to a photographic reproduction of the special discount sheet of a New York exporting house, showing the reduced prices at which American goods are sold abroad, compared with the prices which consumers at home are compelled to pay.

Winfield Scott Schley is referred to as "the victorious American admiral," and "the republican conspiracy to degrade and rob him of his well-earned laurels" is denounced.

CARDINAL GIBBONS ILL.

An effort to get a statement from Cardinal Gibbons yesterday relative to the elevation of Bishop Farley to succeed the late Archbishop Corrigan, of New York, met with the announcement at the archiepiscopal residence in Baltimore that he was sick and could not be seen. From outside sources it was learned that the cardinal became suddenly and painfully ill on Monday night. A hurried call was sent for Dr. Charles O'Donovan, but the latter was in Atlantic City. Dr. Edward F. Millholland was called in and found the cardinal suffering intensely from what the prelate thought was lumbago. Though Dr. Millholland declined to discuss the cardinal's condition, it is learned that his eminence was given a hypodermic injection of morphine and his illness diagnosed as acute nephritis.

The cardinal is considered in no danger unless the attack is recurrent. The disorder made its appearance last week during the retreat of the clergy of Baltimore, Philadelphia and Wilmington in St. Mary's Seminary. Though well beyond middle age, Cardinal Gibbons enjoys remarkably good health, and while not of a robust nature, he takes daily exercise and his gait has lost none of its elasticity. It was reported last night that Cardinal Gibbons is quite ill. It has been ascertained that the cardinal is suffering from calculus, and an operation may be necessary. The expert in charge says something definite will be known in the next twenty-four hours.

The Market.

Georgetown, Sept. 3.—Wheat 65 1/2.

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

PRESIDENT'S NARROW ESCAPE.

BUS COACH COLLIDES WITH A TROLLEY CAR WITH SERIOUS RESULTS.

Lenox, Mass., Sept. 3.—A serious accident overtook the President's coach a short distance from Pittsfield about ten o'clock this morning. After making a short visit to the home of ex-Senator Dawes, the President started on the long drive to Lenox. He had not gone far when an electric car ran into the carriage throwing every one to the ground and badly damaging the coach. The President received a cut on the head. Governor Crane was bruised. William Craig, the secret service man, was instantly killed. The President was able to resume his journey to Lenox but sent word ahead that there should be no cheering. Secretary Cortelyou and the other members of the party were unhurt.

The trolley was struck by a trolley car on the tracks of the Pittsfield street railway company. The trolley-ho was overturned and all the occupants thrown heavily to the ground. Secret Service Officer Craig was caught under the heavy vehicle and his life was crushed out. President Roosevelt had a very narrow escape from serious injury or death. As soon as the accident occurred, and thinking it might be exaggerated, the President ordered a man to rush here on horseback with the news.

President Roosevelt spent last night as the guest of Governor W. Murray Crane, at Dalton, Ga. He accompanied by his party, left here at 8 o'clock this morning for the trolley-ho drive. The route lay through the Berkshire Hills for twenty miles to Lenox. In the Presidential party besides the President were George Cortelyou, Secretary to the President; Governor Crane, secret service men and a party of newspaper men who have accompanied the President throughout his New England tour.

Lenox, Mass., Sept. 3.—The President's injury is more in the nature of scratches and slight bruises from the fall. The electric car that ran into the President's vehicle was running thirty miles an hour. D. J. Pratt, the driver was thrown to the ground and knocked senseless. A fresh span of horses and another carriage was secured and the President continued his journey to Stockbridge where the special train was waiting for the party.

Lenox, Mass., Sept. 3.—The disaster to the President's party occurred on the road from Pittsfield a mile out of town, near the country club house at ten o'clock. President Roosevelt, Governor Crane and Secretary Cortelyou were in the carriage. Craig, the secret service man, sat on the box with the driver, Pratt, the driver will live. As soon as the President saw that the remains of his faithful body guard were properly cared for he drove on to Curtis Hotel at Lenox. All plans for the immediate future are indefinite. He will probably go on to Bridgeport however, as originally intended. All features of the celebration that savored of gayety will be excluded.

Detective Craig came from Chicago and had been with the secret service for a number of years. He had been the President's personal body guard ever since Mr. Roosevelt took the oath of office. He was a Scotchman by birth, and at one time was in the regular army as a cavalryman. He was noted as an all-around athlete. He was about 45 years of age and unmarried. He was six feet two inches in height and of a powerful physique. While on the tour he was always within a few feet of the President. He dressed in an unobtrusive manner and his conduct was such that few persons ever suspected that he was a detective.

ANOTHER ACCOUNT.

Lenox, Mass., Sept. 3.—President Roosevelt was close to death in a terrible accident that befell his party en route from Pittsfield to this place in a landau at 10 o'clock this morning. The President is safe though slightly injured on the head, but life was crushed from William Craig, U. S. Secret Service officer and personal guard of the President; D. J. Pratt, driver of the landau, sustained serious but not fatal injuries; W. Murray Crane, Governor of Massachusetts was cut, bruised and scratched; Congressman George Lawrence, of Massachusetts, was slightly hurt, and George Cortelyou, secretary to the President, rendered unconscious.

An electric trolley car running at top speed, estimated at 30 miles an hour, struck the landau squarely and the six occupants were hurled with terrific force in all directions. The scene of the disaster was on a country road one mile out of Pittsfield in the heart of the Berkshire Hills.

The Presidential party was traveling along this road from Pittsfield to Lenox, a distance of 20 miles. Pratt, the driver, and Officer Craig occupied the box of the landau. President Roosevelt and Gov. Crane sat together on the rear seat, while Secretary Cortelyou sat in an opposite seat facing them. The day was fine and the President was chatting happily about the picturesque beauty of nature. The team was scudding along at a rapid rate when the tracks of the Pittsfield street railway company were reached. The driver of the coach under-estimated his proximity to the car. When the motorman observed the coach he was powerless to halt his car because of its great impetus. In an instant came the crash.

The carriage was crossing the tracks diagonally and was in this position when the trolley struck it. Craig fell from the box to the tracks and the car ran over his prostrate form mangle him terribly and causing instant death. The landau was shoved to one side and smashed to splinters. The President was thrown and the wreck of the carriage fell against him. He was picked up bleeding from a cut on his right cheek. He was unable to get on his feet at once. Secretary Cortelyou was unconscious when picked up. He was badly hurt on the back and cut on the face.

He soon recovered, enough to ask for the President. Governor Crane was badly cut and bruised but was not seriously hurt. Congressman Lawrence was the least hurt of any of the party in the President's carriage. The driver of the carriage, D. J. Pratt, was very badly hurt. He fell with Craig but the reins swung him out of the path of the car.

The military guard of four mounted men of the Second Massachusetts regiment were the first to reach the wreck. They were at once assisted by Secret Service agent Taylor, and Postoffice Inspector Myers, detailed on Secret Service duty, who were in a second carriage. The President was helped to the second carriage with Secretary Cortelyou and they were at once attended by Dr. Lung, who was in a third carriage.

The driver Pratt was the worst hurt of the living.

The President at once directed that Craig's body be cared for, and sent ahead couriers to prevent cheering and to announce that he would go at once to his train which had been sent ahead to Stockbridge. The President stopped for a few minutes at the Hotel Aspinwall, where the party was to have had luncheon and made the brief announcement to the people who were silently gathered on the steps. He alighted from the carriage and walked a few steps clearly under great mental distress. At the first step he turned and said to the people: "We have met with an accident; one of the party, a faithful friend, has been killed. Our driver is undoubtedly fatally injured. Under the circumstances it is of course impossible for me to say more to you than that I deeply appreciate your kindly greeting."

William Craig the secret service detective who was killed, was a man who had been on duty as the Presidential guard at the White House for many years. He was 48 years old, and was a giant in physique. He weighed over 250 pounds, and was more than six feet tall. He was a former member of the Queen's Grenadiers and was an expert broadswordman. Years ago he gave exhibitions with Duncan Ross and was credited with many victories over him. He alone caught and arrested a crank at Montpelier who was attempting to reach the President on his trip.

Conductor Kelley and Motorman Madden of the electric car were arrested by the Pittsfield police. No one on the car sustained any injury. Craig's body will be sent to Washington.

The right side of the President's face swelled to twice its natural size in half an hour after the accident. He will also carry a black eye for two or three weeks.

OHIO DEMOCRATS.

Sandusky, O., Sept. 3.—The democratic State convention here today was thoroughly for Mayor Tom Johnson of Cleveland and the McLean crowd made no attempt at control. Johnson arrived in the hall at 10:20 and was given an ovation. Chairman Firey of the State central committee called the convention to order at 10:35.

The speech of Tom L. Johnson, temporary chairman of the State democratic convention was, in part, as follows: "The principles of democracy always old but never obsolete, confronts us today, both in local and in national questions. One of these national questions relates to trusts. For this evil our adversaries advise publicity as the remedy. Publicity? That might protect investors against fraud; but how could it protect the public against monopoly which is the basis of trusts. What is needed is not examinations of account books (of the trusts); it is the sweeping of monopolies from the statute books of the people. The money question is national also. And let me tell you this is no dead issue. So long as Wall street interests dictate our financial policies the money question cannot die."

"We have in national politics also the vital questions of self-government. Shall we continue to govern distant colonies from Washington? That question also is at bottom a monopoly question. There would be no subject colonies if colonies could give no monopoly franchises."

"But national questions are not for us to deal with in this State convention. The function of revising national platforms belong with conventions chosen for national purposes. Our functions so far as national questions are concerned, begin and end with an unmistakable identification of the Democratic party of Ohio with the democratic party of the republic. That can be done in good faith only by accepting the authority of the latest national expression of party doctrine on national questions. In my judgment, therefore, this convention ought to recognize the Kansas City platform. It ought also to pay the tribute of its respect to the great democrat, who in his two great campaigns, brilliantly won against the Republican party and its allied hosts of non-partisan monopolists."

Sandusky, O., Sept. 3.—The platform adopted today by the democratic State convention reaffirms and endorses the "Kansas City platform, faithfully represented by William J. Bryan in the campaign of 1900;" it opposes imperialism, colonialism, government by injunction, trusts, and trust fostering tariffs. The party in Ohio also wants home rule and local self-government. A plank calls for an equalization of taxation. All public service corporations should be required by law to make sworn public reports to be audited by public officers, so that their value may be shown the people. Government by injunction, the platform declares, will wreck the liberties of the people.

Judge Michael Donnelly of Napoleon, was nominated for Judge of the Supreme Court by acclamation.

PENNSYLVANIA POLITICS.

Philadelphia, Sept. 3.—What purports to be the State convention of the union party was held here today. The wing favorable to the gubernatorial nomination of ex-Judge Pennypacker, the republican machine candidate, captured the convention by physical force and succeeded in putting through their ticket. Two rolls of alleged delegates were called amid rioting and almost incredible disorder. The Patterson crowd will hold a convention later today and it is probable that the courts will finally be invoked.

The Pennypackerites claim that their action was justified under the party rules and that the Patterson faction had entered into a conspiracy to shut off all original nominations.

Blackjacks and fists were freely used in the melee. No platform was adopted. The overwhelming of the Patterson faction was made more humiliating and theatrical by reason of the fact that this crowd, in anticipation of a conflict had gathered at the meeting place during the night, armed with their own roll of delegates and prepared to fight their ticket through by force of arms if necessary. The convention might have passed for an act in a comic opera.

A REIGN OF TERROR.

Vienna, Sept. 3.—The anti-Serbian movement of the Croats, at Agram, Hungary, continues unabated. All through the night, the rioting went on. Houses were set fire to, and a constant fusillade of shots through the windows of Serbian houses was kept up. Half of the police force and over 1,000 of the rioters have been more or less seriously injured. Fossants and students from the surrounding villages are demolishing everything they can lay their hands on and erecting barricades in the streets. The town is in a state of siege. Today peasants attacked the house of Captain Witas and demolished the house and its contents. Witas and his wife escaped.

THE NAVAL MANEUVERS.

Fort Trumbull, Conn., Sept. 3.—Four battleships—the Kearsarge, Indiana, Alabama, and Massachusetts, made a surprise attack this morning on Fort Wright, located on Fisher's Island, for the purpose of reducing it. During the engagement, which lasted over an hour, the Indiana and Kearsarge were put out of action by Fort Michie, which became involved in the fight. Fort Wright was in all probability reduced but this cannot be determined until later. The headquarters of Colonel Davis and signal station Prospect Hill on Fisher's Island, were red upon and "destroyed." It was reported that the navy had succeeded in effecting a landing on the north side of Fisher's Island, but up to eight o'clock this could not be confirmed.

New Bedford, Mass., Sept. 3.—The enemy attacked Fort Rodman at 8 o'clock this morning, the garrison responding promptly. Owing to the haze, it was impossible to learn the identity of the vessels engaged but they were at least four in number. The firing continued for an hour. The enemy finally moved eastward.

NO ELECTION IN VERMONT.

Montpelier, Vt., Sept. 3.—The republican State committee today conceded there is no choice in the election for Governor. The regular republicans claim seventeen out of the twenty-two Representatives in Bennington county, the home of McCullough, the republican candidate for Governor. They also claim a majority of twenty for McCullough on a joint ballot in the legislature. The Senate will be overwhelmingly republican and for McCullough. On this basis, McCullough will be chosen Governor when the question of choice reaches the legislature. A general idea of the situation may be obtained when it is known that out of one hundred and twenty-five cities and towns McCullough, republican, receives 15,166 votes; McCreight, dem., 3,338; Clement, the high license republican, 11,284; Sherburne, prohibition, 1,110. Clement comes 27,651 to McCullough (rep.), 7,609 to McCreight, dem., and 2,211 to Sherburne. The campaign was intensely personal and wholly upon the issue of license. Clement, it is stated, does not expect election in the legislature.

THE PRESIDENT'S TOUR.

Pittsfield, Mass., Sept. 3.—President Roosevelt left Dalton, where he was the guest of Governor W. Murray Crane, of Massachusetts, last night, at 8 o'clock this morning for a 20 mile trolley-ho drive through the Berkshire hills to Lenox. When Pittsfield was reached Secretary Cortelyou received an urgent request from the people of Canaan, sixteen miles further on, to stop there and make a speech. As the itinerary could not allow the stop, the Secretary was obliged to refuse. He then received a warning that unless the President stopped voluntarily his procession would be halted by means of a freight train drawn across the street.

FRANS JOSEF TO VISIT VICTOR EMANUEL.

Vienna, Sept. 3.—The Montags Revue today declares that Emperor Franz Josef will go to Rome to visit the King of Italy in defiance of the Vatican. Franz Josef, the paper says, will write to the Pope personally, explaining that his visit to the Quirinal is necessary to Austria's interests. The Emperor, according to the Revue, wishes to visit both the Quirinal and the Vatican, but will go to the Quirinal alone if the Pope is hostile.

NO HEIR TO RUSSIAN THRONE.

St. Petersburg, Sept. 3.—The Official Messenger today confirms the report that the Czarina has given premature birth to a child. In consequence of a deviation from the normal course her majesty has had a miscarriage, which has taken place without complications. Her majesty's pulse and temperature are normal. All the children born to the Czarina have been girls and there had been strong hopes that an heir would be born.

CARDINAL GIBBONS' CONDITION.

Baltimore, Sept. 3.—Dr. O'Donovan, attending physician to Cardinal Gibbons, said this morning that there was no need for alarm as there were no complications. The cardinal is suffering from acute nephritis. He has had liver trouble for several years and owing to his sedentary habits he has not been able to overcome it. The Cardinal has of late years been a great pedestrian as he hoped by this means to keep himself in good shape.

GENERAL CRONJE AT HOME.

Pretoria, Sept. 3.—General Cronje, who surrendered to the British troops at Paardeberg, Orange Free State, has returned to the Transvaal with his wife from St. Helena. He is now at Klerksdorp. He said he was contented with the terms of peace and was confident that Boer and Briton would soon be working hand in hand. He was glad to return and assist in this work and to advise his own people.

Governor Montague yesterday named Mr. Eppa Hunton, Jr., of Richmond, to be a member of the board of visitors of the University of Virginia, vice Mr. Joseph Bryan, resigned.

WOMEN AND JEWELS.

Jewels, candy, flowers, man—that is the order of a woman's preferences. Jewels form a magnet of mighty power to the average woman. Even that greatest of all jewels, health, is often ruined in the strenuous efforts to make or save the money to purchase them. If a woman will risk her health to get a coveted gem, then let her fortify herself against the insidious consequences of coughs, colds and bronchial affections by the regular use of Dr. Boschee's German Syrup. It will promptly arrest consumption in its early stages and heal the affected lungs and bronchial tubes and drive the dread disease from the system. It is not a cure-all, but it is a certain cure for coughs, colds and all bronchial troubles. You can get this reliable remedy at E. S. Leadbeater & Sons, Get Green's Special Almanac.

Josh Westhafer, of Logansport, Ind., is a poor man, but he says he would not be without Chamberlain's Pain Balm, if it cost five dollars a bottle, for it saved him from being a cripple. No external application is equal to this liniment for stiff and swollen joints, contracted muscles, stiff neck, sprains and rheumatic and muscular pains. It has also cured numerous cases of partial paralysis. It is for sale by Richard Gibson.

Lingering Summer Colds.

Don't let a cold run at this season. Summer colds are the hardest kind to cure and if neglected may linger along for months. A long stage like this will pull down the strongest constitution. One Minute Cough Cure will break up the attack at once. Safe, sure, acts at once. Cures coughs, colds, croup, bronchitis, all throat and lung troubles. The children like it. For sale by E. S. Leadbeater & Sons.

TROUBLE IN WILLIAMSBURG.

A bloody fight took place in Williamsburg Monday night when the Labor Day excursion train reached that place, and as a result John Clowes, a young white boy, has a dangerous cut in the side; Jeff Hoskins, colored, has a knife wound in the shoulder, and George Cunningham, a big Richmond negro, is in jail, charged with the cutting. In attempting to capture Cunningham one of the deputies, Peter Clowes, shot and dangerously wounded a negro boy named Bird.

The trouble started on the train and culminated in a rough and tumble fight near the Chesapeake and Ohio depot, where the cutting was done.

The crowd chased the man up town, where he sought refuge in the house of a colored man. Sergeant R. C. Lawson called for assistance, and with shotguns and pistols, surrounded the square. Cunningham was seen to push a boy out of the house, and using him as a shield, fired one of the two revolvers in his hands at Sergeant Lawson.

It was then that young Clowes shot and accidentally wounded Bird, "two load of shot striking him in the back." Cunningham disappeared, but the square was securely guarded all night and early this morning the culprit was found in an outhouse. He surrendered without further resistance and is now in jail.

He is described as a big, bad negro. He has given the police trouble in Williamsburg before. He is one of the many negroes brought there to work on the new ward-building at the hospital. Hoskins was out yesterday morning, but the other injured ones are in their beds. Bird, the wounded colored boy, is in a precarious condition and may die.

FOREIGN NEWS.